

Year 2
How do Muslims worship their God?
Spring Term

Key Vocabulary

Hafiz	Someone who has memorised the Qur'an.
Arabic	Arabic is a Semitic language spoken primarily across the Arab world.
Prayer mat	A small piece of thick cloth on which a Muslim goes down on their knees and bends their body down to the ground when praying.
Minbar	A pulpit in a mosque where the imam (leader of prayers) stands to deliver sermons.
Mihrab	A niche in the wall of a mosque that indicates the qibla, the direction of the Kaaba in Mecca towards which Muslims should face when praying.
Muezzin	A person who proclaims the call to the daily prayer five times a day at a mosque.



Prior Knowledge
(Year 1)

- Talk about some simple ideas about Muslim beliefs about God
- Retell a story about the life of the Prophet Muhammad
- Recognise some objects used by Muslims and suggest why they are important
- Recognise and name some symbols of belonging for Muslims
- Respond to examples of cooperation between different people

Key Knowledge

- Recognise that sacred texts contain stories which are special to many people and should be treated with respect
- Retell stories from the Holy Qu'ran; suggest the meaning of these stories
- Talk about issues of good and bad, right and wrong arising from the stories
- Talk about ways in which stories, objects, symbols and actions used in mosques, show what people believe
- Describe the practice of Muslim prayer
- Describe ways in which prayer can comfort and challenge believers